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APPLICATION NO.		FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/667,118		09/17/2003	Luiz B. Da Silva	BIO-002 8524 EXAMINER	
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		GROUP, LTD.	NGUYEN, HOAI AN D		
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Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
	10/667,118	DA SILVA ET AL.				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
	Hoai-An D. Nguyen	2858				
The MAILING DATE of this communication a Period for Reply	appears on the cover sheet with the	correspondence address				
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REF THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a r If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory peri - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by state that the period for reply will, by state that the material patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	N. 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be ti reply within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) da od will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS fron tute, cause the application to become ABANDON	mely filed ys will be considered timely. n the mailing date of this communication. ED (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status						
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on						
2a) This action is FINAL . 2b) ⊠ Ti	This action is FINAL . 2b)⊠ This action is non-final.					
3) Since this application is in condition for allow closed in accordance with the practice under						
Disposition of Claims						
4) Claim(s) 1-26 is/are pending in the application 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are with defined 5) Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) Claim(s) 1-26 is/are rejected. 7) Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and	rawn from consideration.					
Application Papers						
9) ☐ The specification is objected to by the Exam 10) ☑ The drawing(s) filed on 17 September 2003 Applicant may not request that any objection to t Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the corr 11) ☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the	is/are: a) \boxtimes accepted or b) \square objection be drawing(s) be held in abeyance. Selection is required if the drawing(s) is objection.	ee 37 CFR 1.85(a). bjected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).				
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority docume 2. Certified copies of the priority docume 3. Copies of the certified copies of the papplication from the International Bure * See the attached detailed Office action for a line of the papplication from the International Bure * See the attached detailed Office action for a line of the papplication from the International Bure * See the attached detailed Office action for a line of the papplication from the International Bure * See the attached detailed Office action for a line of the papplication from the International Bure * See the attached detailed Office action for a line of the papplication from the International Bure * See the attached detailed Office action for a line of the papplication from the International Bure * See the attached detailed Office action for a line of the papplication from the International Bure * See the attached detailed Office action for a line of the papplication from the International Bure * See the attached detailed Office action for a line of the papplication from the International Bure * See the attached detailed Office action for a line of the papplication from the International Bure * See the attached detailed Office action for a line of the papplication from the International Bure * See the attached detailed Office action for a line of the papplication from the International Bure * See the attached detailed Office action for a line of the papplication from the International Bure * See the attached detailed Office action for a line of the papplication from the International Bure * See the attached detailed Office action for a line of the papplication from the International Bure * See the attached detailed Office action for a line of the papplication for a line of the pappli	ents have been received. ents have been received in Applica riority documents have been receive eau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	tion No ved in this National Stage				
Attachment(s)	4) 🔲 Interview Summar	ov (PTO-413)				
 Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/Paper No(s)/Mail Date 	Paper No(s)/Mail [

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DETAILED ACTION

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

1. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.
- 2. Claims 1-4, 8, 12-15, 18-20 and 24-26 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Nakano et al. (US 5,068,619).

Nakano et al. teach a conductivity measuring device comprising:

- A probe (Column 6, lines 6-60), with regard to claims 1, 12 and 24.
- An outer conductor (FIG. 3, transmitting electrode 8) forming an outer wall
 having an exterior and an interior (Column 3, lines 13-17), with regard to claims
 1, 12 and 26.
- A non-conductive spacer (FIG. 3, the wall between transmitting electrode 8 and intermediate electrode 10) forming a first wall having an exterior and an interior, said non-conductive spacer coupled to said interior of said outer conductor (Column 3, lines 13-17), with regard to claims 1, 12 and 26.
- A conductive layer (FIG. 3, intermediate electrode 10) forming a second wall having an exterior and an interior, said conductive layer coupled to said interior of said first wall (Column 3, lines 13-17), with regard to claims 1, 12 and 26.

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An insulating layer (FIG. 3, the wall between receiving electrode 9 and intermediate electrode 10) forming a third wall having an exterior and an interior, said insulating layer coupled to said interior of said second wall (Column 3, lines 13-17), with regard to claims 1, 12 and 26.

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- An inner conductor (FIG. 3, receiving electrode 9) forming an inner wall having an exterior and an interior, said inner conductor coupled to said interior of said third wall (Column 3, lines 13-17), with regard to claims 1, 12 and 26.
- Control electronics (FIG. 1, transmitting unit 2 and receiving unit 5) electrically coupled to said low capacitance measurement probe, said control electronics having a display (From column 2, line 58 to column 3, line 3), with regard to claims 12 and 24.
- Disposing a low capacitance measurement probe in a designated area (From column 2, line 58 to column 3, line 3 and column 2, lines 12-36), with regard to claim 24.
- Directing an electrical current to said low capacitance measurement probe from control electronics (From column 2, line 58 to column 3, line 3 and column 2, lines 12-36), with regard to claim 24.
- Measuring electrical impedance between an inner conductor and an outer conductor of said low capacitance measurement probe to collect a first measurement (From column 2, line 58 to column 3, line 3 and column 2, lines 12-36), with regard to claim 24.

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- Directing said first measurement to said control electronics (From column 2, line 58 to column 3, line 3 and column 2, lines 12-36), with regard to claim 24.
- The designated area is human tissue (Column 6, lines 13-27), with regard to claim 25.
- An electrical circuit is created when said outer conductor and said inner conductor electrically communicate responsive to contact with tissue (From column 2, line 58 to column 3, line 3 and column 2, lines 12-36), with regard to claims 2 and 13.
- Wires coupled to said outer conductor, said conductive layer, and said inner conductor (FIGS. 1 and 5), with regard to claims 3 and 14.
- The probe has a probe end (the end contacted the body 1) and a control end (the end connected to transmitting unit 2 and receiving unit 5) (FIG. 1), with regard to claims 4 and 15.
- A control electronics module (FIG. 1, transmitting unit 2 and receiving unit 5) configured to send electrical signals to the low capacitance measurement probe and configured to receive measurements for indication on a display (From column 2, line 58 to column 3, line 3 and column 2, lines 12-36), with regard to claim 8.
- Probe is configured to send electrical signals to said control electronics (FIG. 1, and from column 2, line 58 to column 3, line 3 and column 2, lines 12-36), with regard to claim 18.
- Control electronics are disposed in a module (FIG. 1, and from column 2, line 58 to column 3, line 3 and column 2, lines 12-36), with regard to claim 19.

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 Control electronics is configured to receive measurements and configured to indicate said measurements on said display (FIG. 1, and from column 2, line 58 to column 3, line 3 and column 2, lines 12-36), with regard to claim 20.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 3. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 4. Claims 5, 9-11, 16 and 21-23 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Nakano et al. in view of Underwood et al. (US 6,283,961).

Nakano et al. teach all that is claimed as discussed in the above rejection of claims 1-4, 8, 12-15, 18-20 and 24-26, but they do not specifically teach the followings:

- A handle coupled to said control end.
- A user interface coupled to said control electronics.
- Outer conductor, said inner conductor, and said conductive layer are comprised of
 a material selected from the group consisting of stainless steel, platinum, gold,
 silver, copper, and conductive plastic.
- Non-conductive spacer and said insulating layer are selected from the group consisting of polyethylene, polyurethane, polytetraftuoroethylene, polyimide, parylene, glass, epoxy, ceramic, and silicone.

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However, Underwood et al. teach an apparatus for electrosurgical spine surgery comprising:

• A handle (FIG. 1, handle 19) coupled to said control end (Column 17, lines 25-33), with regard to claims 5 and 16.

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- A user interface (FIG. 1, operator controllable voltage level adjustment 30 and foot pedals 37, 38, 39) coupled to said control electronics (Column 17, lines 36-43), with regard to claims 9 and 23.
- The outer conductor, the inner conductor, and the conductive layer are comprised of a material selected from the group consisting of stainless steel, platinum, gold, silver, copper, and conductive plastic (Column 13, lines 41-58), with regard to claims 10 and 21.
- Non-conductive spacer and said insulating layer are selected from the group consisting of polyethylene, polyurethane, polytetraftuoroethylene, polyimide, parylene, glass, epoxy, ceramic, and silicone (Column 18, lines 30-53), with regard to claims 11 and 22.

Therefore, it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify the conductivity measuring device of Nakano et al. to incorporate the teachings of a handle, a user interface, the outer conductor, the inner conductor, and the conductive layer being comprised of a material selected from the group consisting of stainless steel, platinum, gold, silver, copper, and conductive plastic, and non-conductive spacer and said insulating layer being selected from the group consisting of polyethylene, polyurethane, polytetraftuoroethylene, polyimide, parylene, glass, epoxy, ceramic, and silicone taught by

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Underwood et al. since Underwood et al. teach that such an arrangement is beneficial to provide a convenient and safe probe using commercially available conductive layer and insulating layer.

5. Claims 6 and 7 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Nakano et al. in view of Nguyen-Dinh et al. (US 6,645,148).

Nakano et al. teach all that is claimed as discussed in the above rejection of claims 1-4, 8, 12-15, 18-20 and 24-26, including:

• A control electronics module (FIG. 1, transmitting unit 2 and receiving unit 5) configured to send electrical signals to the low capacitance measurement probe and configured to receive measurements for indication on a display (From column 2, line 58 to column 3, line 3 and column 2, lines 12-36), with regard to claim 6.

However, they do not specifically teach the followings:

- Control electronics disposed in said handle.
- A user interface coupled to said control electronics.

Meanwhile, Nguyen-Dinh et al. teach an ultrasonic probe including pointing devices for remotely controlling functions of an associated imaging system comprising:

- Control electronics (FIG. 8, steering control wheels 48 and 50, pointing device 52 and a select or validate button 54) disposed in said handle (FIG. 8, handle 44)

 (Column 1, lines 14-58, from column 7, line 52 to column 8, line 16, and column 10, lines 52-56), with regard to claim 6.
- A user interface (FIG. 8, steering control wheels 48 and 50, pointing device 52 and a select or validate button 54) coupled to said control electronics (Column 1,

lines 14-58, from column 7, line 52 to column 8, line 16, and column 10, lines 52-56), with regard to claim 7.

Therefore, it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify the conductivity measuring device of Nakano et al. to incorporate the teachings of control electronics disposed in said handle and a user interface coupled to said control electronics taught by Nguyen-Dinh et al. since Nguyen-Dinh et al. teach that such an arrangement is beneficial to provide a convenient and safe probe that significantly improves the comfort level of one using the probe during an examination as disclosed in column 2, lines 32-47.

6. Claim 17 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Nakano et al. in view of Underwood et al. as applied to claim 16 above, and further in view of Nguyen-Dinh et al.

Nakano et al. and Underwood et al. together teach all that is claimed as discussed in the above rejection of claims 5, 9-11, 16 and 21-23, but they do not specifically teach the following:

• Control electronics disposed in said handle.

However, Nguyen-Dinh et al. teach an ultrasonic probe including pointing devices for remotely controlling functions of an associated imaging system comprising:

• Control electronics (FIG. 8, steering control wheels 48 and 50, pointing device 52 and a select or validate button 54) disposed in said handle (FIG. 8, handle 44) (Column 1, lines 14-58, from column 7, line 52 to column 8, line 16, and column 10, lines 52-56), with regard to claim 17.

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Therefore, it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to further modify the conductivity measuring device of Nakano et al. and Underwood et al. to incorporate the teaching of control electronics disposed in said handle taught by Nguyen-Dinh et al. since Nguyen-Dinh et al. teach that such an arrangement is beneficial to provide a convenient and safe probe that significantly improves the comfort level of one using the probe during an examination as disclosed in column 2, lines 32-47.

Conclusion

- 7. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure. Applicant's attention is invited to the followings whose inventions disclose similar devices.
 - Lees et al. (US 3,665,302) teach methods and apparatus for determining the condition of food.
 - Huang et al. (US 6,080,149) teach a method and apparatus for monitoring solid tissue heating.
 - Ishikawa et al. (US 6,261,247) teach a position sensing system.
 - Maguire et al. (US 6,547,788) teach a medical device with sensor cooperating with expandable member.
 - Banik et al. (US 6,770,027) teach a robotic endoscope with wireless interface.
 - Hashimshony (US 6,813,515) teaches a method and system for examining tissue according to the dielectric properties thereof.

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CONTACT INFORMATION

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Hoai-An D. Nguyen whose telephone number is 571-272-2170. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F (8:00 - 5:30) First Friday Off.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, N. Le can be reached on 571-272-2233. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

ANJAN DEB PRIMARY EXAMINER Hoai-An D. Nguyen Examiner
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HADN